I MINA'TRENTAI DOS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2013 (First) Regular Session

Bill No. 4/-31 45)

Introduced by:

FRANK B. AGUON, JR. B. J. F. CR\(\mathbb{U}\)Z J. T. WON PAT,

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AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER 30, TITLE 9 GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO STRENGTHENING THE PENALTIES FOR CRIMES OF FAMILY VIOLENCE.

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:
2	Section 1. § 30.20 of Chapter 30, Title 9 Guam Code Annotated is
3	hereby amended to read as follows:
4	"(a) Any person who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly commits an act
5	of family violence, as defined in § 30.10 of this Chapter, is guilty on a
6	misdemeanor, or of a third degree felony, and shall be sentenced as follows:
7	(i) For the first offense, the court shall impose a sentence of no less
8	than forty-eight (48) hours; and
9	(ii) For the second offense, the court shall impose a sentence of no
10	less than thirty (30) days; and
11	(iii) For the third offense, the offense shall be classified as a third
12	degree felony and the court shall impose a sentence of no less than one
13	(1) year. The person, upon conviction, shall be termed a "repeat
14	offender" and may be subject to extended terms as defined in 9 GCA §
15	80.38.

(b) Upon a written, noticed motion prior to commencement of trial, the defendant may move that a felony charge filed pursuant to this § 30.20, other than a felony charge filed pursuant to § 30.20(a)(iii), be reduced to a misdemeanor. Whether any charge other than a felony charge filed pursuant to § 30.20(a)(iii) shall proceed as a misdemeanor or a felony rests within the discretion of the court.

- (c) In determining whether any <u>a</u> felony charge filed pursuant to this § 30.20, other than a felony charge filed pursuant to § 30.20(a)(iii), should be reduced to a misdemeanor, the court shall consider the following factors, among others:
 - (1) The extent or seriousness of the victim's injuries;
- 11 (2) The defendant's history of violence against the same victim 12 whether charged or uncharged;
 - (3) The use of a gun or other weapon by the defendant;
 - (4) The defendant's prior criminal history;
 - (5) The victim's attitude and conduct regarding the incident;
 - (6) The involvement of alcohol or other substance, and the defendant's history of substance abuse as reflected in the defendant's criminal history and other sources; and
 - (7) The defendant's history of and amenability to counseling.
 - (d) If the court, after hearing, finds substantial evidence that a victim suffered serious bodily injury as defined in subsection (c) of § 16.10 of this title, no felony charged filed under this § 30.20 shall be reduced to a misdemeanor unless the court finds that due to unusual circumstances a reduction of the charge is manifestly in the interest of justice.
 - (e) The fact that an alleged criminal act involved family violence as defined in § 30.10 of this Chapter shall not preclude the prosecuting attorney from

charging and prosecuting the defendant for any other violations of law, subject to the provisions set forth in § 1.22 of this title;

- (f) In any case in which a person is convicted of violating this § 30.20 and probation is granted, the court shall require participation in an education and treatment program as a condition of probation unless, considering all the facts and the circumstances, the court finds participation in an education and treatment program inappropriate for the defendant.
- (g) If probation is granted, or the imposition of a sentence is suspended, for any person convicted under subsection (a) of this § 30.20 who previously has been convicted under such subsection (a) for an offense that occurred within seven (7) years of the offense of the second conviction, it shall be a condition of such probation or suspended sentence that he or she be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten (10) thirty (30) days, and that he or she participate in, for no less than one (1) year, and successfully complete an education and treatment program, as designated by the court. However, the court, upon a showing of good cause, may find that the minimum imprisonment, or the participation in an education and treatment program, or both the minimum imprisonment and participation in an education and treatment program, as required by this subsection, shall not be imposed and may grant probation or the suspension of the imposition of a sentence.
- Probation is granted or the imposition of a sentence is suspended Probation shall not be granted for any person convicted under subsection (a) of this § 30.20 who previously has been convicted of two (2) or more violations of such subsection (a) for offenses that occurred within seven (7) years of the most recent conviction. it shall be a condition of such probation or suspended sentence that he or she be punished by The person shall be sentenced—imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days one (1) year and that he or she shall participate in,

for no less than one (1) year, and successfully complete an education and treatment program, as designated by the court. However, the court, upon a showing of good cause, may find that the minimum imprisonment, or the participation in an education and treatment program, or both the minimum imprisonment and participation in an education and treatment program, as required by this subsection, shall not be imposed and may grant probation or the suspension of the imposition of a sentence."

Section 2. § 30.32 of Chapter 30, Title 9 Guam Code Annotated is hereby *amended* as follows:

- "(b) A lower priority <u>high priority</u> shall not be assigned to calls involving alleged incidents of abuse or violations of orders relative to family violence than is assigned in responding to like offenses involving strangers. Every law enforcement agency shall develop and implement a comprehensive inter- and intra-agency or departmental family violence policy and protocol to include:
 - (1) the number of children in the family and/or household exposed to family violence; and
 - (2) referral to Child Protective Services for coordination and referral for assessment for appropriate counseling services.

Section 3. § 30.40 of Chapter 30, Title 9 Guam Code Annotated is hereby *amended* as follows:

"(a) Any knowing violation of any of the following court orders shall be a misdemeanor punishable by <u>imprisonment of no less than forty-eight (48) hours</u> and not more than one (1) year, and by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment:

(1) An order enjoining a person from threatening to commit or committing acts of family violence against, or from harassing, annoying, or molesting, a family or household member, or any person named in the order;

- (2) An order removing or excluding a person from the family dwelling or from the dwelling of another, or from any habitable property as defined in subsection (b) of § 34.11 of this title;
- (3) An order requiring a person to stay away from the residence, dwelling, school, day care center, place of employment, or any other specified place or from a specified person, within five hundred feet (500') of the specified place or specified person;
- (4) An order prohibiting a person from possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the court; or
- (5) An order in a criminal case prohibiting the defendant from harassing, annoying, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with a victim or specified witness, either directly or indirectly.
- (b) In the event of a conviction for a <u>second</u> violation of <u>under</u> subsection (a) of this § 30.40, or of a conviction for a violation under subsection (a) which results in bodily injury as defined in subsection (b) of § 16.10 of this title, the defendant shall be imprisoned for at least forty-eight (48) hours thirty (30) days.
- (c) In the event of a conviction for a <u>third</u> violation under subsection (a) (b) of this § 30.40, or of a conviction for a violation under subsection (a) of this § 30.40 which results in bodily injury as defined in subsection (b) § 16.10 of this title after a prior conviction of a violation under subsection (a) of this § 30.40, occurring within one (1) year two (2) years of a the prior conviction of either subsections (a) or (b), committed against the same victim or the victim's family, the defendant shall be imprisoned for no less than thirty (30) days one (1) year.

(d) When a peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that a person has violated one (1) of the orders of the court specified in subsection (a) of this § 30.40 and verifies the existence of the order, the peace officer shall presume that arresting and charging the person is the appropriate response.

(e) An admission by the defendant that he or she had knowledge of the court order shall be admissible in court notwithstanding the corpus delicti rule."